521	Medication Guide
522	VIDEX [®] EC (VY-dex Ee-see)
523	(didanosine, also known as ddI)
524	Delayed-Release Capsules
525	Enteric-Coated Beadlets
526	Read this Medication Guide before you start taking VIDEX EC and each time you get a refill.
527	There may be new information. This information does not take the place of talking with your
528	healthcare provider about your medical condition or your treatment. You and your healthcare
529	provider should talk about your treatment with VIDEX EC before you start taking it and at
530	regular check-ups. You should stay under your healthcare provider's care when taking
531	VIDEX EC.
532	What is the most important information I should know about VIDEX EC?
533	VIDEX EC may cause serious side effects, including:
534	1. Swelling of your pancreas (pancreatitis) that may cause death. Pancreatitis can happen
535	at any time during your treatment with VIDEX EC. Before you start taking VIDEX EC,
536	tell your healthcare provider if you:
537	 have had pancreatitis
538	 have advanced HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) infection
539	 have kidney problems
540	 drink alcoholic beverages
541	• take a medicine called ZERIT [®] (stavudine)
542	It is important to call your healthcare provider right away if you have:
543	• stomach pain
544	 swelling of your stomach
545	 nausea and vomiting
546	• fever

- 547 2. Build-up of acid in your blood (lactic acidosis). Lactic acidosis must be treated in the
- hospital as it may cause death. Before you start taking VIDEX EC, tell your healthcare
- 549 provider if you:
- have liver problems
- are pregnant. There have been deaths reported in pregnant women who get lactic acidosis after taking VIDEX EC and ZERIT (stavudine).
- are overweight
- have been treated for a long time with other medicines to treat HIV

It is important to call your healthcare provider right away if you:

- feel weak or tired
- have unusual (not normal) muscle pain
- have trouble breathing
- have stomach pain with nausea and vomiting
- feel cold, especially in your arms and legs
- feel dizzy or light-headed
- have a fast or irregular heartbeat
- 3. Liver problems. Serious liver problems have happened in some people (including pregnant
- women) who take VIDEX EC. These problems include liver enlargement (hepatomegaly), fat
- in the liver (steatosis), liver failure, and high blood pressure in the large vein of the liver
- (portal hypertension). Severe liver problems can lead to liver transplantation or death in some
- people taking VIDEX EC. Your healthcare provider should check your liver function while
- you are taking VIDEX EC. You should be especially careful if you have a history of heavy
- alcohol use or liver problems.

It is important to call your healthcare provider right away if you have:

- yellowing of your skin or the white of your eyes (jaundice)
- dark urine

570

- pain on the right side of your stomach
- swelling of your stomach
- easy bruising or bleeding
- loss of appetite
- nausea or vomiting
- vomiting blood or dark colored stools (bowel movements)

What is VIDEX EC?

579

587

589

594

595

597

598

599

600

601

602

603

604

605

606

607

608

- VIDEX EC is a prescription medicine used with other antiretroviral medicines to treat human
- immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection in children and adults. VIDEX EC belongs to a class of
- 582 drugs called nucleoside analogues.
- VIDEX EC will not cure your HIV infection. At present there is no cure for HIV infection. Even
- while taking VIDEX EC, you may continue to have HIV-related illnesses, including infections
- with other disease-producing organisms. Continue to see your healthcare provider regularly and
- report any medical problems that occur.

Who should not take VIDEX EC?

Do not take VIDEX EC if you take:

- ZYLOPRIM[®], LOPURIN[®], ALOPRIM[®] (allopurinol)
- COPEGUS[®], REBETOL[®], RIBASPHERE[®], RIBAVIRIN[®], VIRAZOLE[®] (ribavirin)

What should I tell my healthcare provider before taking VIDEX EC?

- Before you take VIDEX EC, tell your healthcare provider if you:
- have or had kidney problems
 - have or had liver problems (such as hepatitis)
 - have or had persistent numbness, tingling, or pain in the hands or feet (neuropathy)
- have any other medical conditions
 - are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. It is not known if VIDEX EC will harm your unborn baby. Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant while taking VIDEX EC. You and your healthcare provider will decide if you should take VIDEX EC while you are pregnant.
 - Pregnancy Registry: There is a pregnancy registry for women who take antiviral medicines during pregnancy. The purpose of the registry is to collect information about the health of you and your baby. Talk to your doctor about how you can take part in this registry.
 - are breast-feeding or plan to breast-feed. **Do not breast-feed while you take VIDEX EC.** It is not known if VIDEX EC passes into your breast milk. The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommends that HIV-infected mothers **not** breast-feed to avoid the risk of passing HIV infection to your baby.
- Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and non-prescription medicines, vitamins and herbal supplements. VIDEX EC may affect the way other medicines work, and other medicines may affect how VIDEX EC works.

Especially tell your healthcare provider if you take:

- CYTOVENE[®], VALCYTE[®] (ganciclovir)
- DOLOPHINE[®] HYDROCHLORIDE, METHADOSE[®] (methadone)
- VIRACEPT® (nelfinavir)
- VIREAD[®] (tenofovir disoproxil fumarate)
- alcoholic beverages

612

- Know the medicines you take. Keep a list of your medicines and show it to your healthcare
- provider and pharmacist when you get a new medicine.
- Ask your healthcare provider if you are not sure if you take one of the medicines listed above.

How should I take VIDEX EC?

- Take VIDEX EC exactly as your healthcare provider tells you to take it.
- Your healthcare provider will tell you how much VIDEX EC to take and when to take it.
- Your healthcare provider may change your dose. Do not change your dose of VIDEX EC without talking to your healthcare provider.
- **Do not take VIDEX EC with food.** Take VIDEX EC on an empty stomach.
- Take VIDEX EC capsules whole. Do not break, crush, dissolve, or chew VIDEX EC capsules before swallowing. If you cannot swallow VIDEX EC capsules whole, tell your healthcare provider. You may need a different medicine.
- Try not to miss a dose, but if you do, take it as soon as possible. If it is almost time for the next dose, skip the missed dose and continue your regular dosing schedule.
- Some medicines should not be taken at the same time of day that you take VIDEX EC. Check with your healthcare provider.
- If your kidneys are not working well, your healthcare provider will need to do regular blood and urine tests to check how they are working while you take VIDEX EC. Your healthcare provider may also lower your dosage of VIDEX EC if your kidneys are not working well.
- If you take too much VIDEX EC, contact a poison control center or emergency room right away.

What should I avoid while taking VIDEX EC?

• **Alcohol.** Do not drink alcohol while taking VIDEX EC. Alcohol may increase your risk of getting pain and swelling of your pancreas (pancreatitis) or may damage your liver.

What are the possible side effects of VIDEX EC?

- VIDEX EC can cause pancreatitis, lactic acidosis, and liver problems. See "What is the most
- 644 important information I should know about VIDEX EC?" at the beginning of this
- 645 Medication Guide.
- **Vision changes.** You should have regular eye exams while taking VIDEX EC.
- **Peripheral neuropathy. Symptoms include:** numbness, tingling, or pain in your hands or feet. This condition is more likely to happen in people who have had it before, in patients taking medicines that affect the nerves, and in people with advanced HIV disease. A child may not notice these symptoms. Ask the child's healthcare provider for the signs and symptoms of peripheral neuropathy in children.
- Changes in your immune system (immune reconstitution syndrome). Your immune system may get stronger and begin to fight infections that have been hidden in your body for a long time. Tell your healthcare provider if you start having new or worse symptoms of infection after you start taking HIV medicine.
- Changes in body fat (fat redistribution). Changes in body fat have been seen in people who take antiretroviral medicines. These changes may include:
- more fat in or around your
 - upper back and neck (buffalo hump)
- 660 breasts or chest
- 661 trunk

659

- less fat in your
- 663 legs
- 664 arms
- 665 face
- Tell your healthcare provider if you have any of the symptoms listed above.
- The most common side effects of VIDEX EC include:
- 668 diarrhea
- stomach pain
- 670 nausea
- vomiting
- headache

- 673 rash
- Tell your healthcare provider if you have any side effect that bothers you or that does not go
- 675 away.
- 676 These are not all the possible side effects of VIDEX EC. For more information, ask your
- healthcare provider or pharmacist.
- 678 Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at
- 679 1-800-FDA-1088.

680 How should I store VIDEX EC?

- Store VIDEX EC capsules in a tightly closed container between 59° F to 86° F (15° C to 30° C)
- Safely throw away any unused VIDEX EC

Keep VIDEX EC and all medicines out of the reach of children and pets.

685 General Information about the safe and effective use of VIDEX EC.

- VIDEX EC has not been shown to prevent a patient infected with HIV from passing the virus to
- other people. To protect others, you must continue to practice safer sex and take precautions to
- prevent others from coming in contact with your blood and other body fluids. Medicines are
- sometimes prescribed for purposes other than those listed in a Medication Guide. Do not use
- VIDEX EC for a condition for which it was not prescribed. Do not give VIDEX EC to other
- people, even if they have the same symptoms as you have. It may harm them.
- Do not keep medicine that is out of date or that you no longer need. Dispose of unused medicines
- through community take-back disposal programs when available or place VIDEX EC in an
- unrecognizable closed container in the household trash.
- This Medication Guide summarizes the most important information about VIDEX EC. If you
- 696 would like more information about VIDEX EC, talk with your healthcare provider. You can ask
- 697 your healthcare provider or pharmacist for information about VIDEX EC that is written for
- 698 health professionals. For more information, go to
- 699 http://packageinserts.bms.com/pi/pi videx ec.pdf or call 1-800-321-1335.

- 700 What are the ingredients in VIDEX EC?
- 701 **Active Ingredients:** didanosine
- 702 **Inactive Ingredients:**
- 703 Carboxymethylcellulose sodium 12, diethyl phthalate, methacrylic acid copolymer, sodium
- hydroxide, sodium starch glycolate, talc, gelatin, and titanium dioxide.
- VIDEX[®] EC and Zerit[®] are registered trademarks of Bristol-Myers Squibb Company. All other
- trademarks are the property of their respective owners.
- 707 Bristol-Myers Squibb Company
- 708 Princeton, NJ 08543 USA
- 709 XXXXXX Rev 01/2010
- 710 This Medication Guide has been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration.