Our Lady of the Lake Pharmacy & Therapeutics (P&T) Committee Critical IV Infusion Guidelines (August 2019)

Clinical issue:

- JCAHO requires medication orders to be clear and accurate. The hospital is required to have a written policy defining the requirements of a complete medication order. (MM 04.01.01)
- Titration orders without titration and monitoring parameters are incomplete orders.
- Pharmacists and nurses must contact prescribers to clarify orders whenever clear parameters are not ordered.

Plan:

- Ensure all titratable medications have an initial rate, titration rate, frequency, and goal
- Whenever necessary, ensure orders indicate max rates and any other pertinent clinical information
- Ensure this information is added to the order comments of all titratable medications.
- Providers may adjust the parameters to meet the needs of their patients, these parameters will be used for default

DRUG (BRAND NAME)	DOSING, TITRATION AND MONITORING
AMIODARONE (CORDARONE)	Start at 1mg/min times 6 hours; then decrease to 0.5mg/min. Maximum cumulative dose of 2.1 grams in 24 hours. Loading infusion and Maintenance in Critical Care Units Maintenance infusion in Monitored Units and Progressive Care Units only
ATRACURIUM (TRACRIUM)	Loading dose of 0.5mg/kg. Start continuous infusion at 5mcg/kg/min; may titrate by 5mcg/kg/min every 15 minutes up to a maximum of 15mcg/kg/min to maintain 1 to 2 twitches on a train of 4. Titrate sedation to maintain BIS < 50. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
CISATRACURIUM (NIMBEX)	ICU Paralysis: Loading dose of 0.2mg/kg IV bolus. Then start at 3mcg/kg/min; titrate by 0.5mcg/kg/min every 30 minutes to maintain 1 to 2 twitches on a train of 4. Titrate sedation to maintain BIS < 50. Do not exceed 10 mcg/kg/min***Critical Care Units Only ARDSnet Protocol Paralysis: 15mg loading dose followed by 37.5mg/hr x 48 hours (not titratable) Titrate sedation to maintain BIS < 50. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
CLEVIDIPINE (CLEVIPREX)	Initiate at 1mg/hr, titrate by doubling dose every 3 min to maintain SBP less than *** mmHg; Maximum dose is 21mg/hr. **Critical Care Units Only**
DEXMEDETOMIDINE (PRECEDEX)	Optional bolus 1mcg/kg over 25 minutes; start infusion at 0.2mcg/kg/hr and then titrate by 0.2mcg/kg/hr every 30 minutes for sedation (RASS 0 to -1), pain and anxiety up to a max rate of 1.5mcg/kg/hr Hold loading dose in patients with marginal hypotension (SBP<100), bradycardia (HR<60), greater than 70 years of age, or EF<25%. Discontinue drip and notify MD if symptomatic/acute hypotension or bradycardia occurs. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
DILTIAZEM (CARDIZEM)	Start at 5mg/hr; increase by 5mg/hr every 15 minutes to a desired target HR below 110. Maximum dose is 15mg/hr. *May be titrated in Critical Care and Progressive Care Units Only * **Cardiac Telemetry Units must use fixed rate, no titrations**
DOBUTAMINE (DOBUTREX)	Start at 2.5 mcg/kg/min; then titrate by 2.5mcg/kg/min every 10 minutes up to a maximum dose of 20mcg/kg/min to achieve a SBP>90. Call MD for cardiac arrhythmias. ***May be titrated in Critical Care Units only*** Progressive Care Units and Monitored Units must be fixed rate, no titrations***
DOPAMINE	Start at 5mcg/kg/min; may titrate by 5mcg/kg/min every 10 minutes up to a maximum of 20mcg/kg/min to maintain MAP of 65 or above. *** May be titrated in Critical Care Units only*** Progressive Care Units and Monitored Units must be at fixed and rate should not exceed 5mcg/kg/min, No Titrations***

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EPINEPHRINE (ADRENALIN)	Start at 0.02 mcg/kg/min. Adjust by 0.01 mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes up to a maximum of 1 mcg/kg/min to maintain MAP of 65 mmHg or greater. Contact physician for titration above 1 mcg/kg/min **** Critical Care Units Only ***
	Acute Coronary Syndrome: Bolus 180mcg/kg (maximum 22.6mg) over 2 minutes followed by continuous infusion of 2mcg/kg/min (maximum 15 mg/hr) until hospital discharge or initiation of CABG surgery up to 72 hours.
EPTIFIBATIDE (INTEGRILIN)	Percutaneous Coronary Intervention (PCI): Loading dose 180mcg/kg over 2 minutes, then repeat in 10 minutes. (Max loading dose of 22.6mg) Initial rate 2 mcg/kg/min. Bolus, start infusion, and re-bolus 10 minutes after the initial bolus. Reduce infusion to 1mcg/kg/min for CrCl <50ml/min. Max duration 72 hours. Do not exceed 15 mg/hr.
	Non-PCI: Loading dose 180mcg/kg over 2 minutes (Max loading dose of 22.6mg) Initial rate 2 mcg/kg/min. Reduce infusion to 1mcg/kg/min for CrCl <50ml/min. Max duration 72 hours. Do not exceed 15 mg/hr. For patients with eCrCl < 50 ml/min: reduce rate of continuous infusion to 1 mcg/kg/min (maximum 7.5 mg/hr)
ESMOLOL (BREVIBLOC)	Loading dose of 0.5mg/kg over 1 minute, then start infusion at 50mcg/kg/min; increase by 50mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes to a target HR ofor systolic blood pressure of Max dose 300mcg/kg/min. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
FENTANYL	Continuous infusion—Start at 25 mcg/hr; increase by 25mcg/hr every 15 minutes for target RASS of 0 to -1. Maximum dose of 200mcg/hr without physician override. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
FENOLDOPAM (CORLOPAM)	Initial 0.05mcg/kg/min, increase by 0.05mcg/kg/minute every 15 minutes until SBP less than 160 mmHg. Maximum dose 1.6 mcg/kg/minute. *May be titrated in Critical Care Units only* **Progressive Care and Cardiac Telemetry Units must use fixed rate of 0.1 mcg/kg/min or less, no titrations**
ISOPROTERENOL (ISUPREL)	Initiate at 2 mcg/min, increase by 2 mcg/min every 5 minutes to achieve a target heart rate of *** Do not exceed 20 mcg/min.
KETAMINE (KETALAR)	Initiate continuous infusion at 0.05 mg/kg/hr. Increase by 0.1mg/kg/hr every 15 minutes up to 2.5mg/kg/hr to achieve a target RASS of 0 to -1 in mechanically ventilated patients***Critical Care Units Only***
LABETALOL (TRANDATE)	Start at 2mg/min; increase by 1mg/min every 10 minutes achieve target systolic blood pressure less than ***mmHg. Maximum dose is 6mg/min.***Critical Care Units Only ***
LIDOCAINE	Loading dose of 1 mg/kg over 5 minutes. If refractory VF or pulseless VT, repeat 0.5 to 0.75 mg/kg bolus every 5 to 10 minutes (maximum cumulative dose: 3 mg/kg). Follow with continuous infusion at 1 mg/min after return of perfusion. Reappearance of arrhythmia during constant infusion give 0.5 mg/kg bolus and reassessment of infusion with increase in rate by 1mg/min increments with maximum dose of 4 mg/min.
LORAZEPAM (ATIVAN)	Loading dose 2mg. Then start IV infusion at 2mg/hr; titrate by 1mg/hr every 30 minutes up to a maximum of 10mg/hr to achieve desired level of sedation of 0 to -2 on RASS; ***Critical Care Units Only***

MIDAZOLAM (VERSED)	Initial 0.05mg/kg followed by maintenance infusion started at 0.02mg/kg/hr titrated by 0.02mg/kg/hr every 10 minutes to desired level of sedation of 0 to -1 on RASS. Max rate 0.25mg/kg/hr *** Critical Care Units Only***
MILRINONE (PRIMACOR)	May begin maintenance infusion at 0.375mcg/kg/min; titrate by 0.005mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes up to a maximum dose of 0.75mcg/kg/min to achieve the desired hemodynamic and clinical response (improvement in the clinical signs and symptoms of CHF); Call MD for cardiac arrhythmia. ***May be titrated in Critical Care and Progressive Care Units only*** Cardiac Telemetry Units must use fixed rate, no titrations***
NICARDIPINE (CARDENE)	Start at 5mg/hr; increase by 2.5mg/hr every 15 minutes to maintain a SBP of less than ***mmHg; Maximum dose is 15mg/hr. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
NITROPRUSSIDE (NIPRIDE)	Start at 0.5mcg/kg/min; may titrate by 0.5mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes up to a maximum of 10mcg/kg/min to maintain a SBP less than ***mmHg (Do not exceed 10mcg/kg/min for more than 10 minutes at any given time) Monitor thiocyanate levels if requiring infusion >3 days or dose > 4 mcg/kg/min ***Critical Care Units Only ***
NITROGLYCERIN (TRIDIL)	Start at 5mcg/min; then increase by 5mcg/min every 5 minutes up to a maximum of 20mcg/min to achieve SBP less than ***mmHg. If no response at 20mcg/min increase by 10mcg/min every 3 minutes up to a max 200mcg/minute***Critical Care Units Only ***
NOREPINEPHRINE (LEVOPHED)	Start at 0.02 mcg/kg/min; Adjust by 0.01 mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes up to a maximum of 1 mcg/kg/min to maintain MAP of 65 mmHg or greater. Contact physician for titration above 1 mcg/kg/min. ***Critical Care Units Only ***
PHENYLEPHRINE (NEOSYNEPHRINE)	Initial dose 0.5 mcg/kg/min; Adjust infusion by 0.1 mcg/kg/min every 5 minutes; max rate 2 mcg/kg/min; target MAP greater than or equal to 65 mmHg ***Critical Care Units Only ***
PROPOFOL (DRIPRIVAN)	Initiate rate at 10 mcg/kg/min; titrate by 5 mcg/kg/min every 5-minutes up to a maximum of 50mcg/kg/min to achieve Target RASS 0 to -1; ***Critical Care Units Only ***(Once spiked, bottle and tubing only good for 12 hours must be replaced every 12 hours)
ROCURONIUM (ZEMURON)	Initial bolus dose: 1mg/kg, then a continuous IV infusion of 8mcg/kg/minute; adjust rate by 0.8 mcg/kg/min every 60 minutes to maintain 1 to 2 twitches on a train of 4. Do not exceed 12 mcg/kg/min. Titrate sedation to a BIS of < 50.***Critical Care Units Only***
TIROFIBAN (AGGRASTAT)	Unstable angina/non-ST-elevation myocardial infarction (UA/NSTEMI): Bolus 25 mcg/kg over 5 minutes or less, followed by continuous infusion of 0.15 mcg/kg/minute for up to 18 hours.
	For patients with eCrCl < 60 ml/min: Reduce rate of continuous infusion to 0.075 mcg/kg/min
VASOPRESSIN	Shock —Start drip at _0.03 units/min; Dose titration not recommended in septic shock. Goal MAP 65 ***Critical Care Units Only***
VECURONIUM (NORCURON)	Initial bolus 0.1mg/kg followed by a continuous infusion of 0.8mcg/kg/minute which can be increased by 0.3 mcg/kg/minute every 60 minutes up to 1.7mcg/kg/minute to maintain 1 to 2 twitches on a train of 4. Titrate sedation to a BIS of <50. ***Critical Care Units Only***

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